

In the Claims:

Please cancel claims 1-3 and 5 without prejudice or disclaimer.

Please amend claims 4, 7 and 9 as follows:

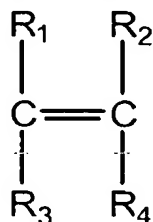
Claims 1-3 (currently canceled)

Claim 4 (currently amended) A photoresist polymer comprising:

a first repeating unit a monomer represented by the following Chemical

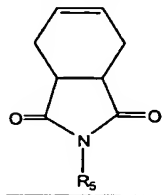
Formula 1:

Chemical Formula 1



wherein R<sub>1</sub>, R<sub>2</sub>, R<sub>3</sub> and R<sub>4</sub> individually are a hydrogen or a halogen-substituted alkyl; and wherein at least one of R<sub>1</sub>, R<sub>2</sub>, R<sub>3</sub> and R<sub>4</sub> is a halogen-substituted alkyl; and a second repeating unit represented by the following Chemical Formula 3:

Chemical Formula 3



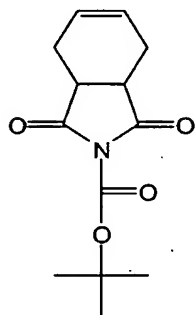
wherein R<sub>5</sub> is COOR' and R' is an acid labile protecting group.

Claim 5 (currently canceled)

Claim 6 (original) A photoresist polymer according to claim 5, wherein the acid labile protecting group is selected from the group consisting of t-butyl, tetrahydropyran-2-yl, 2-methyl tetrahydropyran-2-yl, tetrahydrofuran-2-yl, 2-methyl tetrahydrofuran-2-yl, 1-methoxypropyl, 1-methoxy-1-methylethyl, 1-ethoxypropyl, 1-ethoxy-1-methylethyl, 1-methoxyethyl, 1-ethoxyethyl, t-butoxyethyl, 1-isobutoxyethyl and 2-acetylmenth-1-yl.

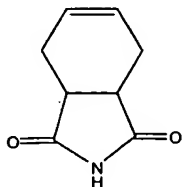
Claim 7 (currently amended) A photoresist polymer according to claim 5, wherein the ~~compound~~ second repeating unit of Chemical Formula 3 is the compound represented by the following Chemical Formula 3a:

Chemical Formula 3a



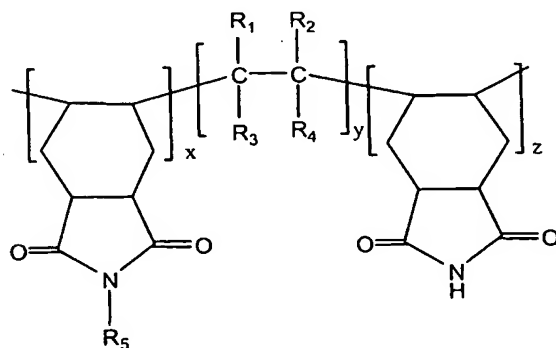
Claim 8 (original) A photoresist polymer according to claim 4, which further comprises the compound represented by the following Chemical Formula 4:

Chemical Formula 4



Claim 9 (currently amended) A photoresist polymer comprising a third repeating unit represented by the Chemical Formula 5:

Chemical Formula 5

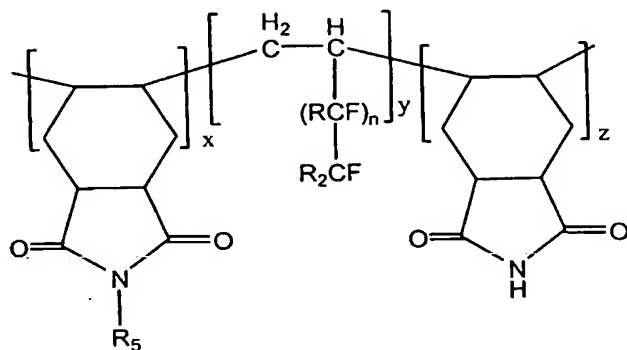


wherein,  $R_1$ ,  $R_2$ ,  $R_3$  and  $R_4$  individually are a hydrogen or a halogen-substituted alkyl; and wherein at least one of  $R_1$ ,  $R_2$ ,  $R_3$  and  $R_4$  is a halogen-substituted alkyl;  $R_5$  is  $\text{COOR}'$ ;  $R'$  is an acid labile protecting group; and the mol%

ratio  $x : y : z$  falls within the following ranges: 0 to about 40 mol% : 20 to about 40 mol% : 0 to about 50 mol%.

Claim 10 (original) A photoresist polymer according to claim 9, wherein the polymerization repeating unit of the Chemical Formula 5 is represented by the following Chemical Formula 6:

Chemical Formula 6

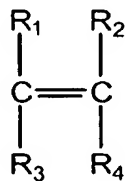


wherein, R is H or F;  $R_5$  is  $\text{COOR}'$ ;  $R'$  is an acid labile protecting group; n is an integer from 1 to 5; and the mol% ratio  $x : y : z$  falls within the following ranges: 0 to about 40 mol% : 20 to about 40 mol% : 0 to about 50 mol%.

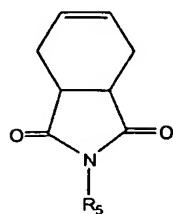
Claim 11 (original) A process for preparing a repeating unit of a photoresist polymer of claim 9, comprising:

- (a) admixing (i) the compound of Chemical Formula 1, and (ii) at least one of the compound of following Chemical Formula 3 and Chemical Formula 4; and
- (b) adding a polymerization initiator and a metal catalyst into the resultant to perform a polymerization initiator, thereby obtaining the repeating unit of Chemical Formula 5:

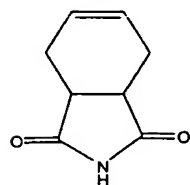
Chemical Formula 1



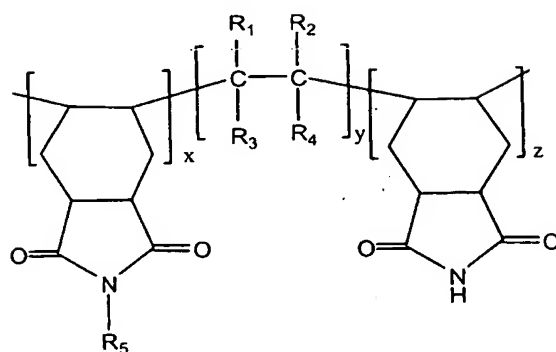
Chemical Formula 3



Chemical Formula 4



Chemical Formula 5



wherein,  $R_1$ ,  $R_2$ ,  $R_3$  and  $R_4$  are individually a hydrogen or a halogen-substituted alkyl; wherein at least one of  $R_1$ ,  $R_2$ ,  $R_3$  and  $R_4$  is a halogen-substituted alkyl;  $R_5$  is  $\text{COOR}'$ ;  $R'$  is an acid labile protecting group; and  $x$ ,  $y$  and  $z$  are polymerization ratios.

Claim 12 (original) The process according to claim 11, wherein the mol% ratio  $x : y : z$  of Chemical Formula 5 falls within the following ranges: 0 to about 40 mol% : 20 to about 40 mol% : 0 to about 50 mol%.

Claim 13 (original) The process according to claim 11, wherein the mol% ratio  $x : y : z$  of Chemical Formula 5 falls within the following ranges: 20 to about 40 mol% : 20 to about 40 mol% : 20 to about 50 mol%.

Claim 14 (original) The process according to claim 11, wherein the step (a) is carried out in a polymerization solvent selected from the group consisting of tetrahydrofuran, dimethylformamide, dimethylsulfoxide, dioxane, benzene, toluene, xylene, propylene glycol methyl ether acetate and mixtures thereof.

Claim 15 (original) The process according to claim 11, wherein the metal catalyst is allylpalladium chloride dimer  $[(\text{allyl})_3\text{PdCl}_2]_2$  as an organometallic catalyst.

Claim 16 (original) The process according to claim 11, wherein the metal catalyst is silver hexafluoroantimonate ( $\text{AgSbF}_6$ ) as an inorganic metal catalyst.

Claim 17 (original) The process according to claim 11, wherein the metal catalyst is single or mixed catalyst selected from the group consisting of palladium ethylhexanoate, palladium (II) bis(trifluoroacetate), palladium (II) bis(acetylacetonate), palladium (II) 2-ethylhexanoate, palladium (II) bromide, palladium (II) chloride, palladium (II) iodide, monoacetonitriletris(triphenylphosphine)palladium (II) tetrafluoroborate, tetrakis(acetonitrile)palladium (II) tetrafluoroborate, dichlorobis(acetonitrile)palladium (II), dichlorobis(triphenylphosphine)palladium (II), dichloro(benzonitrile)palladium (II), palladium acetylacetonate, palladium bis(acetonitrile)dichloride, palladium bis(dimethylsulfoxide)dichloride, nickel ethylhexanoate, nickel carboxylate, nickel diketyl glyoxime, nickel ethylacetyl hexanoate and bis(allyl)nickel.

Claim 18 (original) A photoresist composition comprising (i) a photoresist polymer of claim 4; (ii) a photoacid generator; and (iii) an organic solvent.

Claim 19 (original) The photoresist composition according to claim 18, wherein the photoacid generator is selected from the group consisting of phthalimidotrifluoromethane sulfonate, dinitrobenzyl tosylate, n-decyl disulfone and naphthyl imido trifluoromethanesulfonate.

Claim 20 (original) The photoresist composition according to claim 18, wherein the photoacid generator further comprises one or more compound(s) selected from the group consisting of diphenyl iodide hexafluorophosphate, diphenyliodide hexafluoroarsenate, diphenyliodide hexafluoroantimonate, diphenyl-p-methoxyphenyl triflate, diphenyl-p-toluenyl triflate, diphenyl-p-isobutylphenyl triflate, triphenylsulfonium hexafluoroarsenate, triphenylsulfonium hexafluoroantimonate, triphenylsulfonium triflate and dibutylnaphthylsulfonium triflate.

Claim 21 (original) The photoresist composition according to claim 18, wherein the photoacid generator is used in an amount ranging from about 0.05 to about 10 % by weight of the photoresist polymer.

Claim 22 (original) The photoresist composition according to claim 18, wherein the organic solvent is selected from the group consisting of diethyleneglycol diethyl ether, ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate, methyl 3-methoxypropionate, cyclohexanone, propyleneglycol methyl ether acetate, n-heptanone, ethyl lactate, cyclopentanone and mixtures thereof.

Claim 23 (original) The photoresist composition according to claim 18, wherein the organic solvent is used in an amount ranging from about 500 to about 2000 % by weight of said photoresist polymer.

Claim 24 (original) A process for formation of a photoresist pattern, comprising:

- (a) coating the photoresist composition of claim 18 on a substrate to form a photoresist film;
- (b) exposing the photoresist film to light; and
- (c) developing the photoresist film.

Claim 25 (original) The process according to claim 24, further comprising a soft baking step before step (b) and/or a post baking step after step (b).

Claim 26 (original) The process according to claim 25, wherein the soft and post baking steps are performed at the temperature ranging from about 70 to about 200°C.

Claim 27 (original) The process according to claim 24, wherein the source of light is selected from the group consisting of KrF, ArF, E-beam, VUV, EUV and ion beam.

Claim 28 (original) A semiconductor element manufactured according to the process of claim 24.